

Win: 20VP

TRADE AND WAR

Symbol	Name	Description	Buy	Sell
	Port	Build ships in the city +1 taxes each turn +1VP	 +5	n/a
	Trade post	Build caravan in the city +1 taxes each turn +1VP	 +5	n/a
	Barrack	Build legion in the city, no expense for legions in this city +1VP	 +5	n/a
	Wall	+1 Defense in the city +1VP		n/a
	Wonder	Roman Forum +1 attack, 3 dices to move, +5 each turn Carthage Byrsa Citadel +1 defense, 3 dices to move, +5 each turn Egypt Lighthouse of Alexandria - stay on deep sea and 4 dices for move, +5 each turn Greek Parthenon +10 each turn, 3 dices to move +3VP	 +20	n/a
	Resources	- grain, - glass, - olives, - metal, - pottery	1 - in the city that produces it 5 - in other cities	3 - in the city that consumes it 1 - in other cities
	Trade ship Galley	Moves in the sea. Drown if finish move in the deep sea, unless player has Lighthouse of Alexandria.	5 in the city with	3 in the city with
	Caravan	Moves on the land. 2 dice points to move on mountain or desert.	5 in the city with	3 in the city with
	War ship Trireme	Moves in the sea. +1 attack, +1 defense	10 in the city with	5 in the capital
	Legion	Moves on galley, trireme or caravan City belongs to player if it has player's legion +1 each turn for player's city	5 in the city with	Abandon for free
	God's blessing	After trade phase player who has it moves first then clockwise player	During Event phase move to next player	
	Play Card	Trade card played during trade. Move/war card played during move/war. Attacker plays first.	4 on trade phase	Trade price to other player

Start game: in capital city: legion, port and marketplace + 10 + 2 VP (for port and marketplace)

Trade: Taxation first. All players trade at the same time. No trade permitted on move&war phase. Trade with cities/ships/caravans on near tile.

Move: 2 dices to get number of tiles to move for each ship. 3 dices if player has a Wonder, 4 dices if player has **Alexandria Lighthouse**.

War: Win the city (throw 4,5,6) = 1VP, Win the other player city (throw more) = 2VP, Win the other player capital - 5VP, Defeat other player ship (throw more or equal) = 1VP. You could throw one or up to as many dices as you have legions, best result will be counted; if lost all played units are lost.



Greece

Classical Greece is generally considered the cradle of Western civilization.

At 200BC time, Hellenistic Greek cultural influence and power was at its peak in Europe, Africa and Asia, experiencing prosperity and progress in the arts, exploration, literature, theatre, architecture, music, mathematics, philosophy, and science.

Greece Great Wonder: The Parthenon



Built in 447 BC-432 BC as a temple, on the Athenian Acropolis, Greece, dedicated to the goddess Athena. Athena, the goddess of strategy and tactics, handicraft, and practical reason. While a sacred building dedicated to the city's patron goddess, the Parthenon was actually used primarily as a treasury. It is the most important building of Classical Greece, generally considered the zenith of the Doric order.

Greek currency



Drachma, silver coin of ancient Greece, dating from about the mid-6th century BC. The drachma was one of the world's earliest coins. Pentadrachm was 5 drachmae.

Greek trade



Import: wheat, grain, salt fish, wood, papyrus, textiles, spices, glass, and metals such as iron, copper, tin, gold and silver.

Export: wine, olives, and pottery, bronze work, olives and olive oil, emery, hides, marble, and ruddle (a type of waterproofing material for ships)

Trade Ship: Bireme



A bireme is an ancient oared ship with two decks of oars

The name bireme comes from "bi-" meaning two and "-reme" meaning oar.

It was typically about 80 feet (24 m) long with a maximum beam width of around 10 feet (3 m).

Gods hand: Philip V of Macedon



"Beloved of the Greeks", "the darling of Hellas", a dashing and courageous warrior, Basileus of the ancient Greek kingdom of Macedon. His leadership during the Social War (220-217 BC) made him well-known and respected both within his own kingdom and abroad.

Military: The phalanx



The Hellenistic armies based their strength on the pike-bearing phalanx. It has 5000 soldiers (known as phalangites or hoplites). The phalanx was an infantry formation, characterized by dense ranks and pikes (sarissas). Hoplites also carried a sword called a xiphos.

War ship: Leontophoros



One of the largest wooden ships ever built. Eight rows ship with 100 men rowing each file and therefore 800 men from each side. Length: 100m. Marines: 1200